

TE KURA KAUPAPA MAORI O WAIRARAPA

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

School Directory

Ministry Number:

1651

Principal:

Pip Rimene

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School Postal Address:

37 Johnstone Street, Masterton, 5810

School Phone:

06 377 2210

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tari@kkmow.school.nz

Accountant / Service Provider:

Education Services.

Dedicated to your school



TE KURA KAUPAPA MAORI O WAIRARAPA

Annual Report - For the year ended 31 December 2022

Index

age	Statement
	Financial Statements
1	Statement of Responsibility
2	Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense
3	Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity
4	Statement of Financial Position
5	Statement of Cash Flows
5 - 21	Notes to the Financial Statements
	Other Information
	Members of the Board
	Kiwisport / Statement of Compliance with Employment Policy
	Analysis of Variance



Te Kura Kaupapa Maori o Wairarapa Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2022

The Board accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the principal and others as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the school's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the school.

The School's 2022 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Josie Reivi-Rongonui	Phillips dene finene
Full Name of Presiding Member	Full Name of Principal
Signature of Presiding Member	Signature of Principal
18 may 2023	16 May 2023
Date:	Date:



Te Kura Kaupapa Maori o Wairarapa Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

For the year ended 31 December 2022

15		2022	2022 Budget	2021
¥	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Revenue	***************************************			
Government Grants .	2	2,095,955	1,698,835	1,870,984
Locally Raised Funds	3	76,998	36,000	16,628
Interest Income		10,504	2,000	2,344
Other Revenue	901	10,000	11,000	-,
∞ ×		2,193,457	1,747;835	1,889,956
Expenses			12	
Locally Raised Funds	3	13,892	41,350	35,002
Learning Resources	. 3 4	1,316,860	1,132,682	1,186,002
Administration	5	226,471	119,974	187,906
Finance		1,236	1,293	709
Property	6	427,392	407,721	324,074
Other Expenses	7	40,280	40,478	36,159
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment	11	871	•	919
		2,027,002	1,743,498	1,770,771
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year	4	166,455	4,337	119,185
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense			ē	
Total Comprehensive Bouenus and Function for the		2 2		
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year		166,455	4,337	119,185

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Te Kura Kaupapa Maori o Wairarapa Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2022

		2022	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021
	Notes	Actual \$		Actual \$
Equity at 1 January	-	1,475,853	1,352,916	1,351,050
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year Contributions from the Ministry of Education		166,455	4,337	119,185
Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant		\ -	-	5,618
Equity at 31 December	- 2	1,642,308	1,357,253	1,475,853
Accumulated comprehensive revenue and expense		1,642,308	1,357,253	1,475,853
Equity at 31 December	2	1,642,308	1,357,253	1,475,853

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Te Kura Kaupapa Maori o Wairarapa Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2022

Finance Lease Liability 15 Funds held for Capital Works Projects 16 Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit) Non-current Assets Property, Plant and Equipment 11 Non-current Liabilities Provision for Cyclical Maintenance 14	1,221,436 92,384 13,663 7,691 - 1,335,174 130,516 77,951 - 13,094	(Unaudited) \$ 646,084 115,512 1,941 3,855 - 767,392 83,051 4,001	Actual \$ 689,938 69,566 16,889 4,260 363,298 1,143,951 91,711 31,536
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable GST Receivable Prepayments Investments Current Liabilities Accounts Payable Revenue Received in Advance Provision for Cyclical Maintenance Finance Lease Liability Funds held for Capital Works Projects Non-current Assets Property, Plant and Equipment Non-current Liabilities Provision for Cyclical Maintenance 11 Non-current Liabilities Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	92,384 13,663 7,691 - 1,335,174 130,516 77,951	115,512 1,941 3,855 - 767,392 83,051	69,566 16,889 4,260 363,298 1,143,951
Accounts Receivable GST Receivable Prepayments Investments Current Liabilities Accounts Payable Revenue Received in Advance Provision for Cyclical Maintenance Finance Lease Liability Funds held for Capital Works Projects Non-current Assets Property, Plant and Equipment Non-current Liabilities Provision for Cyclical Maintenance 11 Non-current Liabilities Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	92,384 13,663 7,691 - 1,335,174 130,516 77,951	115,512 1,941 3,855 - 767,392 83,051	69,566 16,889 4,260 363,298 1,143,951
GST Receivable Prepayments Investments 10 Current Liabilities Accounts Payable 12 Revenue Received in Advance 13 Provision for Cyclical Maintenance Finance Lease Liability 15 Funds held for Capital Works Projects 16 Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit) Non-current Assets Property, Plant and Equipment 11 Non-current Liabilities Provision for Cyclical Maintenance 14	92,384 13,663 7,691 - 1,335,174 130,516 77,951	115,512 1,941 3,855 - 767,392 83,051	69,566 16,889 4,260 363,298 1,143,951
Prepayments Investments Current Liabilities Accounts Payable Revenue Received in Advance Revenue Received Maintenance Finance Lease Liability Funds held for Capital Works Projects Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit) Non-current Assets Property, Plant and Equipment 11 Non-current Liabilities Provision for Cyclical Maintenance 14	13,663 7,691 - 1,335,174 130,516 77,951	1,941 3,855 - 767,392 83,051	16,889 4,260 363,298 1,143,951 91,711
Investments 10 Current Liabilities Accounts Payable 12 Revenue Received in Advance 13 Provision for Cyclical Maintenance Finance Lease Liability 15 Funds held for Capital Works Projects 16 Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit) Non-current Assets Property, Plant and Equipment 11 Non-current Liabilities Provision for Cyclical Maintenance 14	7,691 - 1,335,174 130,516 77,951	3,855 - 767,392 83,051	4,260 363,298 1,143,951 91,711
Current Liabilities Accounts Payable 12 Revenue Received in Advance 13 Provision for Cyclical Maintenance Finance Lease Liability 15 Funds held for Capital Works Projects 16 Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit) Non-current Assets Property, Plant and Equipment 11 Non-current Liabilities Provision for Cyclical Maintenance 14	1,335,174 130,516 77,951	767,392 83,051	363,298 1,143,951 91,711
Accounts Payable 12 Revenue Received in Advance 13 Provision for Cyclical Maintenance Finance Lease Liability 15 Funds held for Capital Works Projects 16 Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit) Non-current Assets Property, Plant and Equipment 11 Non-current Liabilities Provision for Cyclical Maintenance 14	130,516 77,951	83,051	91,711
Accounts Payable 12 Revenue Received in Advance 13 Provision for Cyclical Maintenance Finance Lease Liability 15 Funds held for Capital Works Projects 16 Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit) Non-current Assets Property, Plant and Equipment 11 Non-current Liabilities Provision for Cyclical Maintenance 14	77,951 -		
Accounts Payable 12 Revenue Received in Advance 13 Provision for Cyclical Maintenance Finance Lease Liability 15 Funds held for Capital Works Projects 16 Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit) Non-current Assets Property, Plant and Equipment 11 Non-current Liabilities Provision for Cyclical Maintenance 14	77,951 -		
Revenue Received in Advance 13 Provision for Cyclical Maintenance Finance Lease Liability 15 Funds held for Capital Works Projects 16 Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit) Non-current Assets Property, Plant and Equipment 11 Non-current Liabilities Provision for Cyclical Maintenance 14	77,951 -		
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance Finance Lease Liability 15 Funds held for Capital Works Projects 16 Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit) Non-current Assets Property, Plant and Equipment 11 Non-current Liabilities Provision for Cyclical Maintenance 14		4,001	
Finance Lease Liability 15 Funds held for Capital Works Projects 16 Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit) Non-current Assets Property, Plant and Equipment 11 Non-current Liabilities Provision for Cyclical Maintenance 14		8 	31,330
Funds held for Capital Works Projects Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit) Non-current Assets Property, Plant and Equipment 11 Non-current Liabilities Provision for Cyclical Maintenance 14		0.440	40 445
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit) Non-current Assets Property, Plant and Equipment 11 Non-current Liabilities Provision for Cyclical Maintenance 14		8,440	13,115
Non-current Assets Property, Plant and Equipment 11 Non-current Liabilities Provision for Cyclical Maintenance 14	16,346	-	77, 511
Non-current Assets Property, Plant and Equipment 11 Non-current Liabilities Provision for Cyclical Maintenance 14	237,907	95,492	213,873
Property, Plant and Equipment 11 Non-current Liabilities Provision for Cyclical Maintenance 14	1,097,267	671,900	930,078
Non-current Liabilities Provision for Cyclical Maintenance 14			
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance 14	633,848	759,420	605,241
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance 14	633,848	759,420	605,241
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance 14			
	74,880	00 740	40.000
i mance cease clability		66,748	49,333
	13,927	7,319	10,133
	88,807	74,067	59,466
Net Assets		1,357,253	1,475,853
	1,642,308		
Equity	1,642,308		

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Te Kura Kaupapa Maori o Wairarapa **Statement of Cash Flows**

For the year ended 31 December 2022

		2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Note	Actual \$	(Unaudited)	Actual \$
Cash flows from Operating Activities				
Government Grants		764,185	652,839	676,065
Locally Raised Funds		108,682	47,000	44,158
Goods and Services Tax (net)		3,226	-	(14,948)
Payments to Employees		(268,930)	(301,719)	(253,709)
Payments to Suppliers		(150,293)	(25,558)	(220, 138)
Interest Paid		(1,236)	(1,293)	(709)
Interest Received		9,997	2,000	11,423
Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities	8	465,631	373,269	242,142
Cash flows from Investing Activities				
Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles)		(225,645)	(202,540)	(227,401)
Proceeds from Sale of Investments		363,299	## T	182,878
Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities		137,654	(202,540)	(44,523)
Cash flows from Financing Activities				
Furniture and Equipment Grant		-		5,618
Finance Lease Payments		(12,241)	(13,855)	(10,509)
Painting contract payments		-		(9,914)
Funds Administered on Behalf of Third Parties		(59,546)	-	17,914
Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities		(71,787)	(13,855)	3,109
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		531,498	156,874	200,728
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	8	689,938	489,210	489,210
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	8	1,221,436	646,084	689,938

The Statement of Cash Flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries and the use of land and buildings grant and expense have been excluded.

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Te Kura Kaupapa Maori o Wairarapa Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2022

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

a) Reporting Entity

Te Kura Kaupapa Maori o Wairarapa (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education and Training Act 2020. The Board is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

b) Basis of Preparation

Reporting Period

The financial statements have been prepared for the period 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022 and in accordance with the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The school is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as 'having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders'.

PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expense threshold of \$30 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Cyclical maintenance

A school recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the school buildings. The estimate is based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its painting maintenance plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note 14.



Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in the significant accounting policies are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 11.

Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

Classification of leases

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the school. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. In contrast, an operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee. Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised. Finance lease liability disclosures are contained in note 15. Future operating lease commitments are disclosed in note 21b.

Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

c) Revenue Recognition

Government Grants

The school receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives.

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Other Ministry Grants for directly funded programs are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly by the Ministry of Education.

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. Grants for the use of land and buildings are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes.

This is a non-cash revenue that is offset by a non-cash expense. The use of land and buildings grants and associated expenditure are recorded in the period the School uses the land and buildings.

Other Grants where conditions exist

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recognised as an asset and revenue when the right to receive funding or the asset has been established unless there is an obligation to return funds if conditions are not met. If conditions are not met funding is recognised as revenue in advance and recognised as revenue when conditions are satisfied.



Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

d) Operating Lease Payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

e) Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

g) Accounts Receivable

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for expected credit losses (uncollectable debts). The schools receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education, therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However, short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

h) Inventories

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and comprised of stationery and school uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

i) Investments

Bank term deposits are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised if the estimated loss allowance is not trivial.

j) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements (funded by the Board) to buildings owned by the Crown or directly by the board are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Finance Leases

A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the school will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.



Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:

Building Improvements 50 years
Furniture and Equipment 15 years
Information and Communication Technology 5 years
Motor Vehicles 10 years
Library Resources 8 years
Leased assets held under a Finance Lease Term of Lease

k) Intangible Assets

Software costs

Computer software acquired by the School are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. Costs associated with subsequent maintenance and research expenditure are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense when incurred.

The carrying value of software is amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life. The useful life of software is estimated as three years. The amortisation charge for each period and any impairment loss is recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

I) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, the School estimates the asset's recoverable service amount. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

In determining fair value less costs to sell the school engages an independent valuer to assess market value based on the best available information. The valuation is based on a comparison to recent market transactions.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

m) Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.



n) Employee Entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee entitlements that are expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees provide the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned, by non teaching staff, to but not yet taken at balance date.

Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employee provides the related service, such as retirement and long service leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis.

The calculations are based on the likely future entitlements accruing to employees, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that employees will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows. Remeasurements are recognised in surplus or deficit in the period in which they arise.

o) Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from students and grants received where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees earned.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the refund of unearned fees in relation to students, should the School be unable to provide the services to which they relate.

p) Funds Held in Trust

Funds are held in trust where they have been received by the School for a specified purpose, or are being held on behalf of a third party and these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

q) Funds held for Capital works

The school directly receives funding from the Ministry of Education for capital works projects that are included in the School five year capital works agreement. These funds are held on behalf and for a specified purpose as such these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

r) Shared Funds

Shared Funds are held on behalf of a cluster of participating schools as agreed with the Ministry of Education. In instances where funds are outside of the School's control, these amounts are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. In instances where the school is determined to be the principal for providing the service related to the Shared Funds (such as the RTLB programme), all income and expenditure related to the provision of the service is recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose.

s) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision is a reasonable estimate, based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition.

The schools carries out painting maintenance of the whole school over a 7 to 10 year period, the economic outflow of this is dependent on the plan established by the school to meet this obligation and is detailed in the notes and disclosures of these accounts.



t) Financial Instruments

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Investments that are shares are categorised as 'financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expense' for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards. On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the School may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive revenue and expense. This election has been made for investments that are shares. Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in surplus or deficit unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expense and are never reclassified to surplus or deficit.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings, finance lease liability, and painting contract liability. Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognised in surplus or deficit.

u) Borrowings

Borrowings on normal commercial terms are initially recognised at the amount borrowed plus transaction costs. Interest due on the borrowings is subsequently accrued and added to the borrowings balance. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the school has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after balance date.

v) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

w) Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board.

x) Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.



2. Government Grants

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual \$	(Unaudited)	Actual \$
Government Grants - Ministry of Education	850,228	667,427	778,024
Teachers' Salaries Grants	1,007,880	816,125	897,668
Use of Land and Buildings Grants	237,847	215,283	191,909
Other Government Grants	i -	-	3,383
	2,095,955	1,698,835	1,870,984

The school has opted in to the donations scheme for this year. Total amount received was \$14,400.

3. Locally Raised Funds

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
Revenue	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Donations & Bequests	20,452		1,237
Fees for Extra Curricular Activities	10,946	6,000	7,888
Trading	-	-	1,108
Fundraising & Community Grants	45,600	30,000	6,395
	76,998	36,000	16,628
Expenses			
Extra Curricular Activities Costs	11,553	40,850	31,270
Trading	*	-	3,706
Fundraising & Community Grant Costs	2,339	500	26
	13,892	41,350	35,002
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year Locally raised funds	63,106	(5,350)	(18,374)

4. Learning Resources

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual \$	(Unaudited)	Actual \$
Curricular	78,890	10,500	23,297
Employee Benefits - Salaries	1,103,297	975,451	1,044,432
Staff Development	19,911	37,398	13,956
Depreciation	67,934	53,256	58,898
Nohinohi	4,500	7,500	3,384
Kura Teina	6,000	7,000	7,807
Kura Waenga	6,964	8,000	8,842
Wharekura	29,364	33,577	25,386
	1,316,860	1,132,682	1,186,002
			The state of the s



5. Administration

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Audit Fee	6,767	7,333	6,377
Board Fees	4,675	5,225	4,655
Board Expenses	10,957	24,124	8,149
Communication	2,356	2,800	2,452
Consumables	5,612	4,500	4,931
Other	18,457	17,800	15,325
Employee Benefits - Salaries	53,968	47,472	60,283
Insurance	4,439	4,000	4,145
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	6,720	6,720	6,540
Healthy School Lunch Programme	112,520	1.5	75,049
	226,471	119,974	187,906

6. Property

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
*	\$	\$	\$
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables	10,428	11,400	8,116
Cyclical Maintenance Provision	25,547	6,167	6,166
Grounds	1,809	2,750	777
Heat, Light and Water	12,056	21,200	13,435
Rates	3,672	4,500	4,191
Repairs and Maintenance	18,401	44,100	24,146
Use of Land and Buildings	237,847	215,283	191,909
Security	1,571	2,000	1,675
Employee Benefits - Salaries	110,685	94,921	72,845
Contractor & Consultancy	5,376	5,400	814
	427,392	407,721	324,074

The use of land and buildings figure represents 5% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

7. Other Expenses

est est, commence about a protesting entre and a strategic entre and a strategic entre and a strategic entre a	¥	2022	2022 Budget	2021
Transport		Actual \$ 40,280	(Unaudited) \$ 40,478	Actual \$ 36,159
		40,280	40,478	36,159



8. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
Bank Accounts	Actual \$ 1,221,436	(Unaudited) \$ 646.084	Actual \$ 689,938
Cash and cash equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows	1,221,436	646,084	689,938
Dash and cash equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows	1,221,430	_	040,004

The carrying value of short-term deposits with original maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.

Of the \$1,221,436 Cash and Cash Equivalents \$16,346 is held by the School on behalf of the Ministry of Education. These funds have been provided for the Ministry as part of the school's 5 Year Agreement funding for upgrades to the school's buildings. The funds are required to be spent in 2023 on Crown owned school buildings.

9. Accounts Receivable			
	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Receivables	2 <u>~</u>	40,258	1,747
Interest Receivable	507	9,079	
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	91,877	66,175	67,819
	92,384	115,512	69,566
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	507	49,337	1,747
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	91,877	66,175	67,819
	92,384	115,512	69,566
10. Investments			
The School's investment activities are classified as follows:			
	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
/ *	\$	\$	\$
Current Asset Short-term Bank Deposits	-		363,298
Total Investments		-	363,298



11. Property, Plant and Equipment

2022	Opening Balance (NBV) \$	Additions \$	Disposals \$	Impairment	Depreciation	Total (NBV)
Building Improvements	386,692	81,558	(33,479)	-	(13,543)	421,229
Furniture and Equipment	99,974	24,401	(12,662)	0 =	(17,294)	94,420
Information and Communication Technology	64,665	17,708	-	(-	(16,707)	65,666
Motor Vehicles	31,483	5 =	-	-	(5,160)	26,323
Leased Assets	22,427	19,014	-	%2	(15,230)	26,210
Balance at 31 December 2022	605,241	142,681	(46,141)		(67,934)	633,848

The net carrying value of equipment held under a finance lease is \$26,210 (2021: \$22,427) Restrictions

There are no restrictions over the title of the school's property, plant and equipment, nor are any property, plant and equipment pledged as security for liabilities.

	2022	2022	2022	2021	2021	2021
	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Building Improvements	470,260	(49,031)	421,229	425,611	(38,919)	386,692
Furniture and Equipment	188,712	(94,292)	94,420	186,213	(86,239)	99,974
Information and Communication Technology	166,354	(100,688)	65,666	152,750	(88,085)	64,665
Motor Vehicles	51,599	(25,276)	26,323	51,599	(20,116)	31,483
Leased Assets	43,632	(17,422)	26,210	52,477	(30,050)	22,427
Library Resources	27,506	(27,506)	÷	27,506	(27,506)	
Balance at 31 December	948,063	(314,215)	633,848	896,156	(290,915)	605,241



12. Accounts Payable			
satisfactusestedensestations (2 € • on etable)	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Creditors	25,699	6,780	12,375
Accruals	6,568	5,314	6,377
Employee Entitlements - Salaries	91,877	66,175	67,819
Employee Entitlements - Leave Accrual	6,372	4,782	5,140
	130,516	83,051	91,711
Payables for Exchange Transactions	130,516	83,051	91,711
n e	130,516	83,051	91,711
The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.	130,310	00,001	31,711
13. Revenue Received in Advance			
	2022	2022	2021
A .		Budget	
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Income In Advance	48,969	177	27,094
Overseas Trip -2021		3,824	3,824
Papawai And Kaiko Scholarship	4,251		618
MOE Grants in Advance	24,731	5.	-
	77,951	4,001	31,536
14. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance			
14. Provision for Gyundar Maintenance	2022	2022	2021
	140000000000000	Budget	
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Provision at the Start of the Year	49,333	60,581	43,167
Increase to the Provision During the Year	16,940	6,167	6,167
Other Adjustments	8,607	5	(1)
Provision at the End of the Year	74,880	66,748	49,333
Cyclical Maintenance - Current	U 5 0		7/
Cyclical Maintenance - Non current	74,880	66,748	49,333

Per the cyclical maintenance schedule the school is next expected to undertake painting works during 2024. This plan is based on the schools 10 Year Property plan / painting quotes.

74,880

66,748

49,333



15. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
No Later than One Year	15,084	8,440	13,408
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	15,735	7,319	10,209
Future Finance Charges	(3,798)	(*	(369)
	27,021	15,759	23,248
Represented by			
Finance lease liability - Current	13,094	8,440	13,115
Finance lease liability - Non current	13,927	7,319	10,133
	27,021	15,759	23,248

16. Funds Held (Owed) for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects. The amount of cash held on behalf of the Ministry for capital works projects is included under cash and cash equivalents in note 8.

	2022	Project No.	pening alances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions	Closing Balances \$
Hall Roofing -Blk 5		231394	· ·	60,049	(60,049)		-
Roofing -Blocks 1, 4 & 5		208509	16,396	0. Table 1	(16,396)	-	#
SIP Security Fencing		208510	8,049	501	(8,550)	-	=
SNM - Accessibility		229447	14,398	-	(31,682)	17,284	-
Universal Bathroom		237092	-	32,175	(22,014)	-	10,161
SIP - Playground		225600	38,668	-	(38,668)	-	-
Electrical Upgrade		231393	-	16,346	(16,346)	_	-
231392 Sewer Upgrade		231392	-	34,275	(28,090)	-	6,185
Totals		9	77,511	143,346	(221,795)	17,284	16,346

Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education

16,346

	2021	Project No.	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions	Closing Balances \$
Roofing -Blocks 1, 4 & 5		208509	2,500	73,676	(59,780)	-	16,396
SIP Security Fencing		208510	61,471	(44)	(53,422)	20	8,049
SNM - Accessibility		229447	***	73,947	(59,549)	-	14,398
SIP - Playground		225600	-	38,800	(132)	. 	38,668
Totals			63,971	186,423	(172,883)		77,511

Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education

77,511



17. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the school. The school enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.

18. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all Board members, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

	2022 Actual \$	2021 Actual \$
Board Members		
Remuneration	4,675	4,655
Leadership Team		
Remuneration	449,115	428,374
Full-time equivalent members	4.41	4.26
Total key management personnel remuneration	453,790	433,029

There are 7 members of the Board excluding the Principal. The Board had held 11 full meetings of the Board in the year. The Board also has Finance (3 members) and Property (3 members) that met 4 and 4 times respectively. As well as these regular meetings, including preparation time, the Presiding Member and other Board members have also been involved in ad hoc meetings to consider student welfare matters including stand downs, suspensions, and other disciplinary matters.

Principal 1

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

	2022	2021
	Actual	Actual
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	\$000	\$000
Salary and Other Payments	140 - 150	120 - 130
Benefits and Other Emoluments	4 - 5	3 - 4
Termination Benefits	*	_

Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration	2022	2021
\$000	FTE Number	FTE Number
100 - 110	1.00	
110 - 120	1.00	1.00
8	2.00	1.00

2022

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.



19. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be board members, committee members, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

2022 Actual 2021 Actual

Total Number of People

20. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities and no contingent assets (except as noted below) as at 31 December 2022 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2021: nil).

In 2022 the Ministry of Education provided additional funding for both the Support Staff in Schools' Collective Agreement (CA) Settlement and the Teacher Aide Pay Equity Settlement. The school is still yet to receive a final wash up that adjusts the estimated quarterly instalments for the actual teacher aides employed in 2022.

The Ministry is in the Process of determining the amount of the final wash up payment for the year ended 31 December 2022. Even though the payment is probable, the amount to be received is not known with a high level of certainty. The school has therefore not recognised the expected receipt (asset) and income in its financial statements. The payment is expected to be received in July 2023.

Holidays Act Compliance - schools payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of boards, through payroll service provider Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry's review of the schools sector payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003 is ongoing. Final calculations and potential impact on any specific individual will not be known until further detailed analysis and solutions have been completed.

To the extent that any obligation cannot reasonably be quantified at 31 December 2022 a contingent liability for the school may exist.



21. Commitments

(a) Capital Commitments

As at 31 December 2022 the Board has entered into contract agreements for capital works as follows:

\$148,904 contract for the Universal Bathroom as agent for the Ministry of Education. This project is fully funded by the Ministry and \$32,175 has been received of which \$22,014 has been spent on the project to balance date. This project has been approved by the Ministry; and

\$34,789 contract for the 231392 Sewer Upgrade as agent for the Ministry of Education. This project is fully funded by the Ministry and \$34,275 has been received of which \$28,090 has been spent on the project to balance date. This project has been approved by the Ministry.

(Capital commitments as at 31 December 2021:

\$749,282 contract for the Roofing -Blocks 1, 4 & 5 as agent for the Ministry of Education. This project is fully funded by the Ministry and \$703,366 has been received of which \$686,970 has been spent on the project to balance date. This project has been approved by the Ministry; and

\$62,972 contract for the SIP Security Fencing as agent for the Ministry of Education. This project is fully funded by the Ministry and \$62,471 has been received of which \$54,422 has been spent on the project to balance date. This project has been approved by the Ministry; and

\$104,385 contract for the SNM - Accessibility as agent for the Ministry of Education. This project is fully funded by the Ministry and \$73,947 has been received of which \$59,549 has been spent on the project to balance date. This project has been approved by the Ministry; and

\$38,799 contract for the SIP - Playground as agent for the Ministry of Education. This project is fully funded by the Ministry and \$38,800 has been received of which \$132 has been spent on the project to balance date. This project has been approved by the Ministry.)

(b) Operating Commitments

There are no operating commitments as at 31 December 2022 (Operating commitments at 31 December 2021: nil).

22. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Financial assets measured at amortised cost

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables	1,221,436 92,384	646,084 115,512	689,938 69,566
Investments - Term Deposits	9 8)	-	363,298
Total Financial assets measured at amortised cost	1,313,820	761,596	1,122,802
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Payables	130,516	83,051	91,711
Finance Leases	27,021	15,759	23,248
Total Financial Liabilities Measured at Amortised Cost	157,537	98,810	114,959



23. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.

24. Comparatives

There have been a number of prior period comparatives which have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.



Te Kura Kaupapa Maori o Wairarapa

Members of the Board

(4)		How Position	Term Expired/
Name	Position	Gained	Expires
Phillipa Rimene	Principal	ex Officio	
Angela-Leia Casha	Staff Representative	Elected	Sep 2022
Josie Reiri-Rongonui	Tararua Rep	Elected	Sep 2025
Renee Rimene	Rangitumau Rep	Elected	Sep 2025
Pirihira Potangaroa	Taratahi Rep	Elected	Sep 2022
Keri Knight	Maungarake Rep	Elected	Sep 2022
Paremo Matthews	Co-opt	Co-opted	Sep 2025
Deborah Davidson	Co-opt	Co-opted	Sep 2025
Aroha Pirere	Taratahi Rep	Co-opted	Sep 2022
Diane Cruise	Te Maipi Rep	Co-opted	Sep 2025
Georgia-May Rutene	Maungarake Rep	Elected	Sep 2025
Hone Vella	Staff Rep	Elected	Sep 2025



Te Kura Kaupapa Maori o Wairarapa

Kiwisport

Kiwisport is a Government funding initiative to support students' participation in organised sport. In 2022, the school received total Kiwisport funding of \$1,536 (excluding GST). The funding was spent on sporting endeavours.

Statement of Compliance with Employment Policy

For the year ended 31st December 2022 the Te Kura Kaupapa Maori o Wairarapa Board:

- Has developed and implemented personnel policies, within policy and procedural frameworks to ensure the fair and proper treatment of employees in all aspects of their employment
- Has reviewed its compliance against both its personnel policy and procedures and can report that it meets all requirements and identified best practice.
- Is a good employer and complies with the conditions contained in the employment contracts of all staff employed by the Board.
- Ensures all employees and applicants for employment are treated according to their skills, qualifications and abilities, without bias or discrimination.
- Meets all Equal Employment Opportunities requirements.

